



Univerza v Mariboru

Univerzitetna knjižnica Maribor

Elektronsko založništvo, odprti dostop – priložnosti in pasti

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2016



Kaj je OA?

Odprt dostop pomeni takojšnjo dostopnost rezultatov javno financiranih raziskav na svetovnem spletu brez naročniških ali avtorskopравnih omejitev.



Kratka zgodovina

- Pojav interneta v zgodnjih 90-ih letih; napredek informacijske tehnologije - znanstveno komuniciranje se seli na splet
- Nastanek arhiva arXiv v 1991 (odprt dostop do 876.925 e-printov iz fizike, matematike, računalništva, kvantitativna biologija, finance in statistika);
- Tradicionalni poslovni modeli nakupa znanstvene periodike - finančna nevzdržnost;
- PubMed (1997) in PubMed Central (2000);
- BioMed Central (2000) – prostodostopni arhiv polnih besedil iz področja biomedicine in naravoslovja – 2.8 milijona člankov;
- **Deklaracije o odprtem dostopu** (Budimpešta, Bethesda in Berlin (2002-2003));
- Po tem strmo naraščanje OA časopisov in institucionalnih repozitorijev;
- Evropska skupnost že predpisuje objavljanje v OA, če je raziskava financirana iz javnih sredstev;
- “Open Science for 21st century” – deklaracija evropskega združenja Akademij znanosti in umetnosti;
- Sprejeta NACIONALNA STRATEGIJA ODPRTEGA DOSTOPA DO ZNANSTVENIH OBJAV IN RAZISKOVALNIH PODATKOV V SLOVENIJI 2015–2020, september 2015.

UM podpiše Berlinsko deklaracijo v letu 2014 kot 475-ta podpisnica.





Univerza v Mariboru

BERLINSKA DEKLARACIJA O ODPRTEM DOSTOPU DO ZNANOSTI

Uvod

Svetovni splet je temeljito in vseobsegajoče spremenil praktične in ekonomske pogoje za razširjanje znanja in kulturne dediščine. Prvič je ponudil možnost globalne in interaktivne predstavitve človeškega znanja ter kulturne dediščine in sočasnega zagotavljanja dostopa do tega znanja posameznikom po vsem svetu.

Podpisani se čutimo odgovorni, da sprejmemo izzive svetovnega spleta, ki postaja vedno pomembnejši medij za razširjanje znanstvenega publiciranja.

V duhu Budimpeške deklaracije o odprtem dostopu (Budapest Open Access Statement) se zavežemo:

Podpora prehodu na paradigmo odprtega dostopa za elektronske publikacije

Naše organizacije podpirajo nadaljnji razvoj nove paradigme odprtega dostopa v korist znanosti in družbi. Ta razvoj želimo podpreti:

- s spodbujanjem naših raziskovalcev/štipendistov, da objavljajo dela v skladu z načeli odprtega dostopa;
- s spodbujanjem skrbnikov kulturne dediščine, da z zagotavljanjem dostopnosti do svojih gradiv na svetovnem spletu podprejo odprti dostop;
- z razvijanjem sredstev in načinov za vrednotenje objav v odprtem dostopu in spletnih časopisih, tako da se ohranijo standardi zagotavljanja kakovosti in dobra znanstvena praksa;
- z zavzemanjem, da bo publikacija, ki je objavljena v odprtem dostopu, sprejeta tudi v postopkih vrednotenja znanstvenega dela;
- z zavzemanjem, da bo razvoju odprto dostopne infrastrukture v obliki programskih orodij, zagotavljanja vsebin, ustvarjanja metapodatkov in objavljanjem člankov priznana njegova dejanska vrednost.

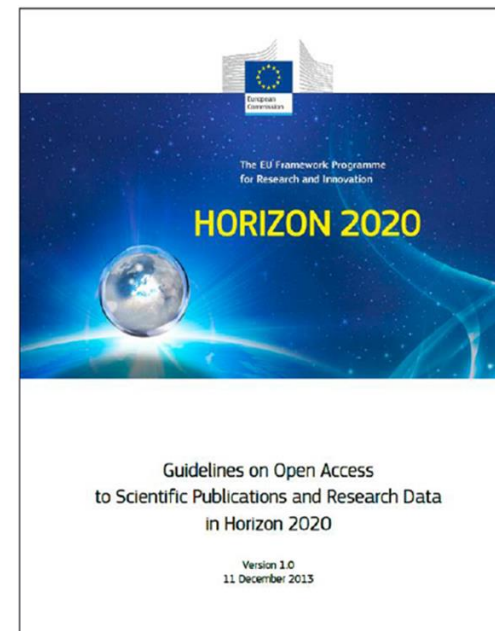
Evropski raziskovalni prostor

OBZORJE 2020:

- obvezna odprta dostopnost objav iz sofinanciranih projektov
- pilot za odprte raziskovalne podatke, vsebuje tudi načrt ravnanja z raziskovalnimi podatki (Data Management Plan)
 - [Fact sheet: Open Access in Horizon 2020](#), 9. december 2013
 - [Guidelines on Open Access to Scientific Publications and Research Data in Horizon 2020](#), 11. december 2013
 - [Guidelines on Data Management in Horizon 2020](#), 11. december 2013

NACIONALNA POLITIKA:

- države članice EU naj sprejmejo enaka določila, kot veljajo za Obzorje 2020 (do konca 2014)
 - [Commission Recommendation of 17. 7. 2012 on access to and preservation of scientific information](#)
 - Ustanovljena delovna skupina pri MIZŠ za pripravo akcijskega načrta za vzpostavitev odprtega dostopa v Sloveniji v obdobju 2015-2020)
- **Sprejeta Nacionalna strategija odprtega dostopa do znanstvenih objav in raziskovalnih podatkov, september 2015.**





Guidelines on Open Access to Scientific Publications and Research Data in Horizon 2020

Version 16 December 2013

These Guidelines provide context and explanation for the rules on open access applicable to beneficiaries in projects funded or co-funded under Horizon 2020.

1. What is open access (OA)?

Open access can be defined as the practice of providing on-line access to scientific¹ information that is free of charge to the end-user and that is re-usable. In the context of research and innovation, 'scientific information' can refer to (i) peer reviewed scientific research articles (published in scholarly journals) or (ii) research data (data underlying publications, curated data and/or raw data).

(i) Open access to scientific publications refers to free of charge online access for any user. Legally binding definitions of 'open access' and 'access' in this context do not exist, but authoritative definitions of open access can be found in key political declarations on this subject². These definitions describe 'access' in the context of open access as including not only basic elements such as the right to read, download and print, but also the right to copy, distribute, search, link, crawl, and mine.

Vir: http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/data/ref/h2020/grants_manual/hi/oa_pilot/h2020-hi-oa-pilot-guide_en.pdf

Dva načina:

There are two main routes towards open access to publications:

ZELENI OA

- A. **Self-archiving** (also referred to as 'green' open access) means that the published article or the final peer-reviewed manuscript is archived (deposited) by the author - or a representative - in an online repository before, alongside or after its publication. Repository software usually allows authors to delay access to the article ('embargo period').³

ZLATI OA

- B. **Open access publishing** (also referred to as 'gold' open access) means that an article is immediately provided in open access mode as published. In this model, the payment of publication costs is shifted away from readers paying via subscriptions. The business model most often encountered is based on one-off payments by authors. These costs (often referred to as Author Processing Charges, APCs) can usually be borne by the university or research institute to which the researcher is affiliated, or to the funding agency supporting the research. In other cases, the costs of open access publishing are covered by subsidies or other funding models.



Pilot – odprti raziskovalni podatki

5. Open Research Data Pilot

A novelty in Horizon 2020 is the Open Research Data Pilot which aims to improve and maximise access to and re-use of research data generated by projects. The legal requirements for projects participating in this pilot are contained in the optional article 29.3 of the Model

Data management and data management plans (DMP): A data management plan is a document outlining how the research data collected or generated will be handled during a research project, and after it is completed, describing what data will be collected / generated and following what methodology and standards, whether and how this data will be shared and/or made open, and how it will be curated and preserved (see separate [Guidelines on Data Management in Horizon 2020](#) on the Participant Portal).

Where relevant, Horizon 2020 project proposals must include a section on data management which is evaluated under the criterion 'Impact'.

Vir: http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/data/ref/h2020/grants_manual/hi/oa_pilot/h2020-hi-oa-pilot-guide_en.pdf

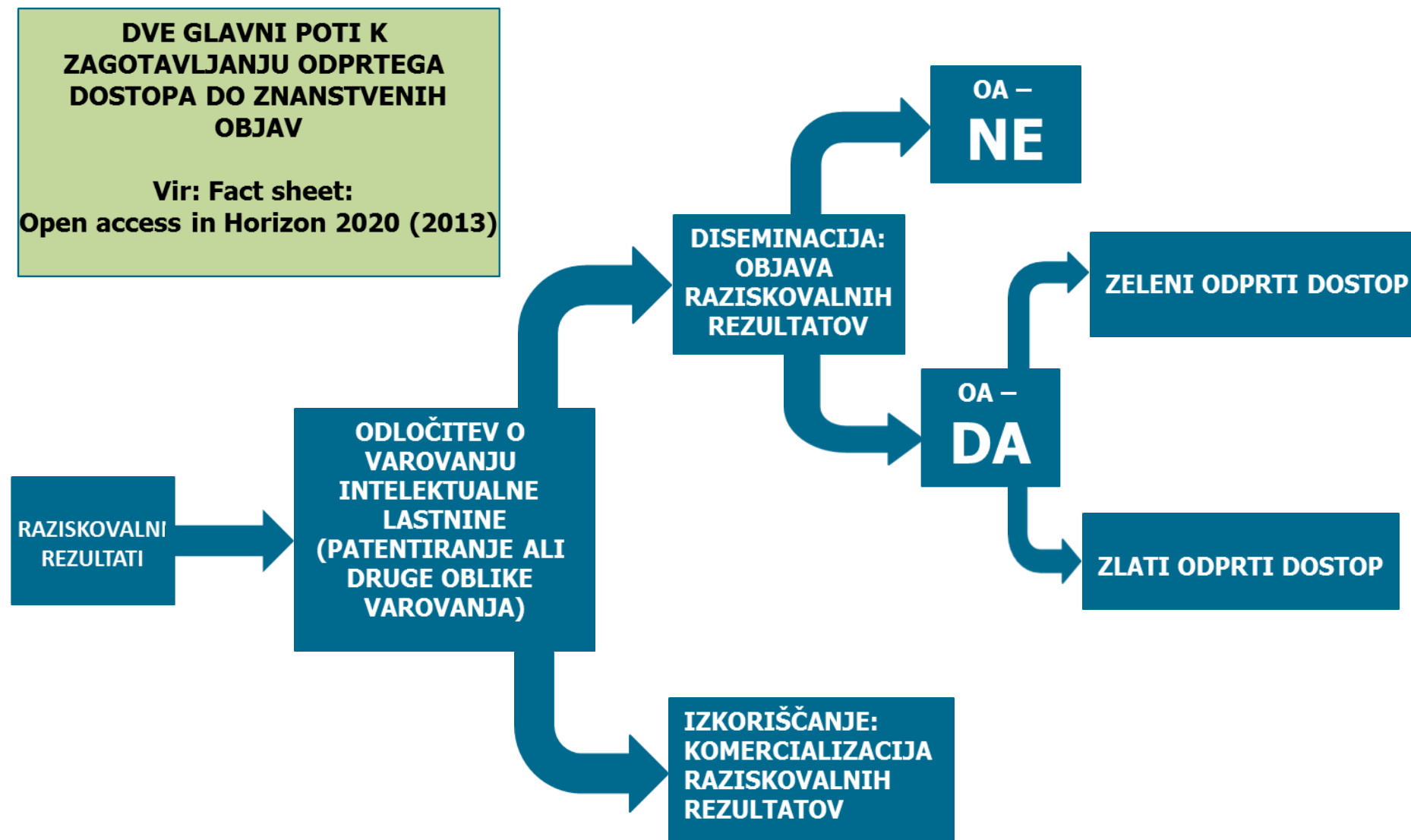
Odprti dostop ne omejuje zaščite intelektualne lastnine



Misconceptions about open access to scientific publications. In the context of research funding, open access requirements in no way imply an obligation to publish results. The decision on whether or not to publish lies entirely with the fundees. Open access becomes an issue only if publication is elected as a means of dissemination.

Moreover, OA does not interfere with the decision to exploit research results commercially, e.g. through patenting. Indeed, the decision on whether to publish open access must come after the more general decision on whether to publish directly or to first seek protection.⁴ This is illustrated in the graphic representation of open access to scientific publication and research data in the wider context of dissemination and exploitation at the end of this section.

Vir: http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/data/ref/h2020/grants_manual/hi/oa_pilot/h2020-hi-oa-pilot-guide_en.pdf





Odprte recenzirane znanstvene objave

Zlati OA = odprte revije (tudi plačilo objave - APC):

- licenca CC-BY: © 2014 Avtor et al.
- licenca CC-BY dovoljuje shranitev založnikove datoteke ali prednatisa v repozitorij, vsebina dostopna takoj

Zlati/Hibridni OA = posamezen članek v naročniški reviji je odprto dostopen (plačilo objave):

- licenca CC-BY: © 2014 Avtor et al.
- licenca CC-BY dovoljuje shranitev založnikove datoteke ali prednatisa v repozitorij, vsebina dostopna takoj
- avtorju sredstva ponavadi zagotovita njegova ustanova ali financer raziskave (upravičen strošek)

Zeleni OA = članki objavljeni v (naročniških) revijah + prednatisi shranjeni v repozitorije:

- © 2014 Založnik
- Spletna stran Sherpa/Romeo
- založnik dovoli shranitev avtorjeve končne recenzirane različice v repozitorij, časovni zamik dostopnosti vsebine

ZELENA POT – GREEN OA

- Zelena pot pomeni hkratno objavo članka v naročniški reviji ter arhiviranje v OA arhivu.**

Avtor arhivira **končno recenzirano različico dela** (prednatis – *postprint*), sprejetega v objavo v naročniško znanstveno revijo (ali kak drug tip publikacije), redkeje oddan rokopis ali objavljeno, pdf verzijo.

Različica članka	Definicija	Sprejeta terminologija	
Delovna različica članka	Delovna različica članka	Preprint, avtorjeva različica članka	preprint
Posredovan rokopis	Različica rokopisa članka posredovanja časopisu za objavo (ang. author submitted manuscript – ASM)		
Sprejet rokopis	Sprejeta različica članka, že recenzirana, vendar pred končnim urejanjem in oblikovanjem (ang. author accepted manuscript AAM)	Sprejeta različica članka, sprejet rokopis, avtorjeva končna recenzirana različica članka	prednatis, postprint
Objavljen članek	Natančni digitalni posnetek objavljenega članka (ang. Published journal article, final pdf)	Založnikova različica članka, objavljeni članek	

- Pojavljanje več različic dokumenta:



→ standardna oznaka dokumenta, po kateri bralec prepozna verodostojno, zadnjo verzijo.

ZLATA POT - DOAJ – zbirka odprtodostopnih revij

DOAJ DIRECTORY OF OPEN ACCESS JOURNALS

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Directory of Open Access Journals (DOAJ)

DOAJ is an online directory that indexes and provides access to high quality, open access, peer-reviewed journals.

All journals that were accepted into DOAJ before March 2014 are now required to reapply. If you have a journal indexed in DOAJ, please log into your [Publisher Area](#) and follow the instructions.

Latest News

[Knowledge Exchange report on Open Access dependencies](#)
Knowledge Exchange have today released a report highlighting the dependency on key non-commercial services in OA and the importance of ensuring their sustainability if the OA policies developed by institutions and research funders are to be successfully implemented. DOAJ and SHERPA are named in the report as the two most important services in the OA [...] [Read More...](#)
Wed, 20 Jan 2016 at 15:01

[New article on DOAJ available at ScienceOpen](#)
We have just published an article in the open access journal ScienceOpen Research, giving an overview of the history and current status of the DOAJ. Please read and share the article! We would welcome your participation in the post-publication peer review of this article and/or any comments. Criteria for open access and publishing Authors: Tom [...] [Read More...](#)
Wed, 20 Jan 2016 at 14:12

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Happy New Year to all of you! We have a gift: two shiny widgets! You can now embed a set of search results or a DOAJ search box directly into your web sites. Embedding search results It works like this: 1) carry out a search in DOAJ 2) filter and refine the results until they [...] [Read More...](#)
Thu, 07 Jan 2016 at 07:50

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6,992 searchable at Article level
136 Countries
2,194,977 Articles

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- 11.251 časopisov
- 6.992 se jih lahko išče
- na nivoju članka
- 136 držav
- 2.194.977
- člankov



ZLATA POT - hibridni model

- **Hibridne revije** (hybrid open access journals): avtor članek objavi v naročniških znanstvenih revijah v elektronski obliki, ki avtorjem ob plačilu omogočajo takojšnjo odprto ali prosto dostopnost posamičnih člankov.
- Avtor ponavadi obdrži materialno avtorsko pravico za svoj takoj odprto dostopni članek (označen npr. z licenco **CREATIVE COMMONS**) v sicer naročniški znanstveni reviji, v kateri so avtorji drugih člankov, dostopnih preko naročnine, materialno avtorsko pravico prenesli založbi.
- Poslovni model: za objavo je zaračunan APC (article processing charges) - tudi poimenovano kot model "Author Pays", enako kot pri zlati poti.
- Pri isti reviji je del člankov odprtodostopen, ostali so dostopni uporabnikom samo s plačilom naročnine na revijo – ostaja tradicionalni model distribucije znanstvenih objav preko naročnin, cene revij se (zaenkrat) še niso zmanjšale.

Poslovni model – primeri – odvisno od politike založnika 500 – 5.000 USD

[Elsevier Open Access Articles](#)

[Springer Open Choice](#)

[Wiley OnlineOpen](#)

[RSC Gold Open Access](#)

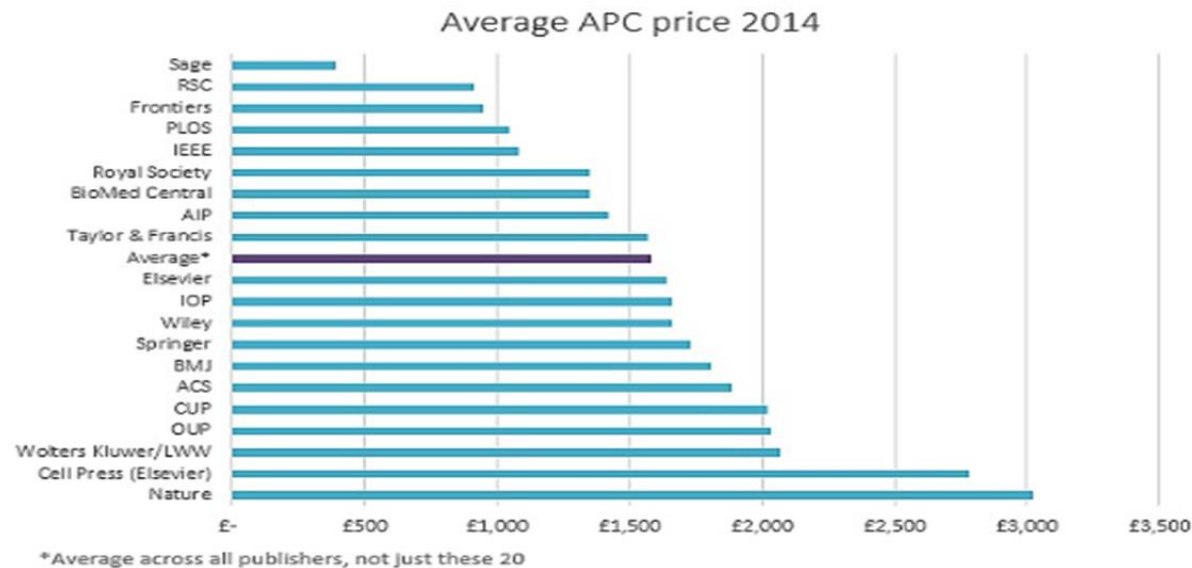
[IOP Publishing](#)

[Taylor & Francis Open Select](#)

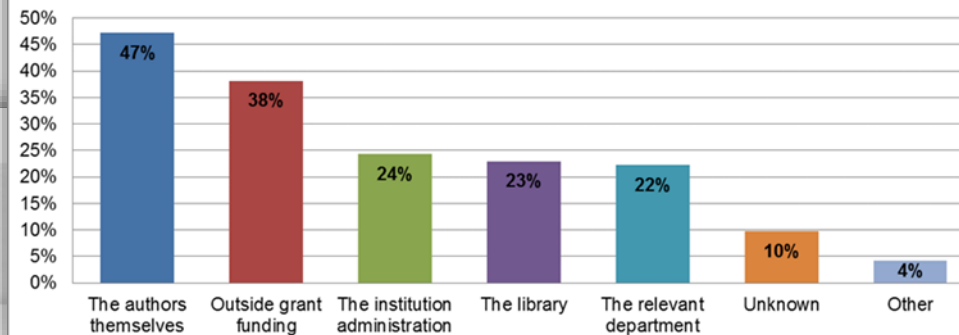
ZLATI in HIBRIDNI MODEL:
Plačilo stroškov objave se lahko pokriva iz sredstev projektov (EU, nacionalni financerji); delodajalca; se sponzorira; - ne sme bremeniti izključno avtorja.

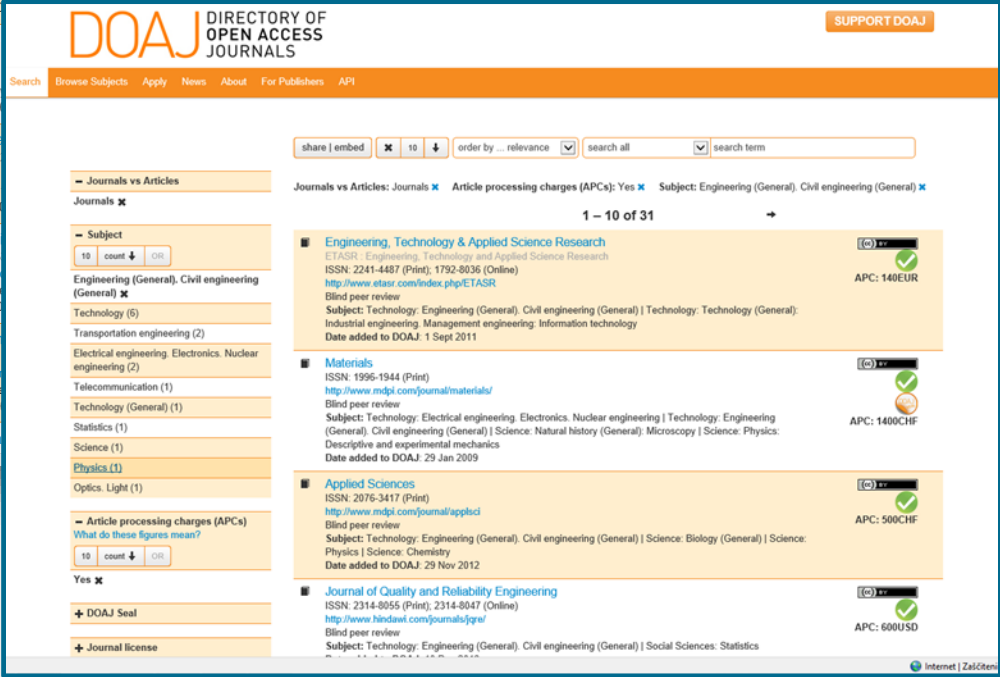
Zlati/hibridni OA (strošek procesiranja članka; ang. APC = Article Processing Charge)

Average APC price 2014



Who currently provides the funding for open access article processing charges (APCs) at your institution?







Primer iskanja - WoS

WoS – Core Collection

The image displays a screenshot of the Web of Science Core Collection search interface. The search term 'brain' is entered in the search bar. The left sidebar shows various filters, including 'Open Access' which is checked, indicating 47,704 results. The main search results area shows a list of publications, with the top result being 'The intrahemispheric functional properties of the developing sensorimotor cortex are influenced by maturation' by Berchicci, M. et al. The 'Full Text Options' button is circled in red. Below the Web of Science interface, a Google Scholar search result is shown for the same query, displaying the title, authors, and publication details.

Web of Science [v.5.16.1] - Web of Science Core Collection Home - Internet Explorer

Search Web of Science™ Core Collection

Basic Search

brain

Research Areas

Authors

Group Authors

Editors

Source Titles

Book Series Titles

Conference Titles

Publication Years

Organizations-Enhanced

Funding Agencies

Languages

Countries/Territories

Open Access

☐ NO (919,591)

☒ YES (47,704)

Refine

Analyze Results

Full Text Options

Look Up Full Text

Save to EndNote online

Add to Marked List

The intrahemispheric functional properties of the developing sensorimotor cortex are influenced by maturation

By: Berchicci, M (Berchicci, Marika)^{1,2}; Tamburro, G (Tamburro, Gabriella)^{1,3}; Comani, S (Comani, Silvia)^{1,4,5}

FRONTIERS IN HUMAN NEUROSCIENCE

Volume: 9

Citation Network

0 Times Cited

89 Cited References

View Related Records

Google Scholar

1 result (0.06 sec)

Lookup

ⓘ The intrahemispheric functional properties of the developing sensorimotor cortex are influenced by maturation

M Berchicci, G Tamburro... - Name: Frontiers in Human ..., 2015 - journal.frontiersin.org

Copyright statement: © 2015 Berchicci, Tamburro and Comani. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (CC BY). The use, distribution and reproduction in other forums is permitted, provided the original ...

All 2 versions Cite Save More

Refine

- Research Areas
- Authors
- Group Authors
- Editors
- Source Titles
- Book Series Titles
- Conference Titles
- Publication Years
- Organizations-Enhanced
- Funding Agencies
- Languages
- Countries/Territories
- Open Access
 - ☐ NO (8,524)
 - ☒ YES (744)

Analyze Results

By: Kolednik, O.; Zechner, J.; Predan, J.
SCRIPTA MATERIALIA Volume: 113 Pages: 1-5 Published: MAR 1 2016

Povezave do gradiva View Abstract

Times Cited: 1
(from Web of Science Core Collection)

Usage Count ▾

7. Autaptic pacemaker mediated propagation of weak rhythmic activity across small-world neuronal networks

By: Yilmaz, Ergin; Baysal, Veli; Ozer, Mahmut; et al.
PHYSICA A-STATISTICAL MECHANICS AND ITS APPLICATIONS Volume: 444 Pages: 538-546 Published: FEB 15 2016

Povezave do gradiva View Abstract

Times Cited: 0
(from Web of Science Core Collection)

Usage Count ▾

8. Dynamical behavior of a network of coupled oscillators

By: Verweij, H.A.M.; van den Broek, P.J.; de Groot, S.R.

Povezave do gradiva View Abstract

Times Cited: 0
(from Web of Science Core Collection)

Usage Count ▾

9. Attitudinal change in a social network

By: Volpert, P.; Vassilev, K.; Krut'ko, M.

Povezave do gradiva View Abstract

Times Cited: 0
(from Web of Science Core Collection)

Usage Count ▾

10. Interfacial energy in a binary system

By: Krauss, R.; Jourd'heuil, D.

Povezave do gradiva View Abstract

Times Cited: 0
(from Web of Science Core Collection)

Usage Count ▾

g,268 records matched your criteria

Key: * = Structured

For advanced refine options, use **Analyze Results**

Results Analysis							
<<Back to previous page							
744 records. ORGANIZATION-ENHANCED: (Univ Maribor) Analysis: Open Access: (Yes)							
Rank the records by this field:	Set display options:	Sort by:					
☐ Publication Years ☒ Research Areas ☐ Source Titles ☐ Web of Science Categories	Show the top 10 Results. Minimum record count (threshold): 2	☒ Record count ☐ Selected field					
<button>Analyze</button>							
Use the checkboxes below to view the records. You can choose to view those selected records, or you can exclude them (and view the others).							
☒ View Records ☐ Exclude Records	Field: Research Areas	Record Count	% of 744	Bar Chart			
☒	CHEMISTRY	131	17.608 %				
☐	MATERIALS SCIENCE	105	14.113 %				
☐	SCIENCE TECHNOLOGY OTHER TOPICS	70	9.409 %				
☐	GENERAL INTERNAL MEDICINE	65	8.737 %				
☐	PHYSICS	54	7.258 %				
☐	ENGINEERING	37	4.973 %				
☐	MATHEMATICS	34	4.570 %				
☐	BIOTECHNOLOGY APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY	30	4.032 %				
☐	BUSINESS ECONOMICS	27	3.629 %				
☐	METALLURGY METALLURGICAL ENGINEERING	26	3.495 %				
☒ View Records ☐ Exclude Records	Field: Research Areas	Record Count	% of 744	Bar Chart			
Save Analysis Data to File ☒ Data rows displayed in table ☐ All data rows (up to 200,000)							

OA v Scopusu



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Scopus to launch Open Access indicator for journals on July 29



Submitted by Elizabeth Dias on Fri, 07/17/2015 - 08:48

On July 29, Scopus will launch an Open Access indicator for journals indexed in Scopus. This indicator will allow users to easily identify Open Access journals within Scopus via the 'Browse Sources' link. This link provides an alphabetical list of all journals, book series, trade publications, and conference proceedings available in Scopus.

About Open Access in Scopus

Out of the +21,000 active journals indexed in Scopus, 3,785 are currently (June 2015) registered as Open Access (OA) journals. OA refers to journals in which all peer reviewed scholarly articles are available online without any restrictions. In Scopus, OA journals are only if they are registered as or both of the following sources: Director (DOAJ) and the Directory of Open Access Journals (D.O.A.J.).

Please note that in Scopus, Open Access journals are only if they are registered as or both of the following sources: Director (DOAJ) and the Directory of Open Access Journals (D.O.A.J.).

Journal types included in the OA indicator



How to find open access journals in Scopus

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Search

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3.785
OA časopisov

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Subject Area: All Subject Areas

Source Type: ☐ All Sources ☐ Trade Publications ☐ Journals ☐ Conference Proceedings ☐ Book Series

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Aa Ab Ac Ad Ae Af Ag Ah Ai Aj Ak Al Am An Ao Ap Aq Ar As At Au Av Aw Ax Ay Az | All

25 results

Sort on:	Source title	SJR	IPP	SNIP
1	AAA, Arbeiten aus Anglistik und Amerikanistik	0.101	0.000	0.000
1	AAC: Augmentative and Alternative Communication	0.863	2.167	1.268
1	AACE International Transactions	0.102	0.004	0.001
1	AACL Bioflux Open Access	0.199	0.282	0.339
1	AACN Advanced Critical Care	0.244	0.630	0.383
1	AACN clinical issues (coverage discontinued in Scopus)			
1	AACN clinical issues in critical care nursing (coverage discontinued in Scopus)			
1	AANA Journal	0.247	0.719	0.600

Journal Metrics

Scopus Journal Metrics offer the value of context with their citation measuring tools. The metrics allow for direct comparison of journals, independent of their subject classification. To learn more, visit: www.journalmetrics.com.

SJR = SCImago Journal Rank is weighted by the prestige of a journal. Subject field, quality and reputation of the journal have a direct effect on the value of a citation. SJR also normalizes for differences in citation behavior between subject fields.

IPP = Impact per Publication (IPP) measures the ratio of citations per article published in the journal.

SNIP = Source Normalized Impact per Paper measures contextual citation impact by weighting citations based on the total number of citations in

Internet | Zaslješeni način: Vključen | 100%



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UNIVERSITY OF MARIBOR

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transport

Advanced Search

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☒ Open Access (31)

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Content Types

Publication Status

Subject Areas

Publishers

Online Providers

Edition Types

1 - 25 of 31 results for: transport

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Save Settings

Change Columns

Page 1 of 2

25

1 - 25 of 31

	Title	Publisher	ISSN	Country	Status	Serial Type	Format
☐	Revista Transportes	Associacao Nacional de Ensino e Pesquisa em Transportes	1415-7713	Brazil	Active	Journal	Print
☐	Transport Problems	Politechnika Slaska * Wydział Transportu, Silesian University of Technology, Faculty of Transport	1896-0596	Poland	Active	Journal	Print
☐	Transport Problems	Politechnika Slaska * Wydział Transportu, Silesian University of Technology, Faculty of Transport		Poland	Active	Journal	Online
☐	Revista Transportes	Associacao Nacional de Ensino e Pesquisa em Transportes		Brazil	Active	Journal	Online
☐	Transport and Telecommunication	Transporta un Sakaru Instituts	1407-6160	Latvia	Active	Journal	Print
☐	Transport and Telecommunication	De Gruyter Open	1407-6179	Poland	Active	Journal	Online
☐	Modern Transportation	Ivy Publisher	2327-0713	United States	Active	Journal	Print
☐	Modern Transportation	Ivy Publisher	2327-1027	United States	Active	Journal	Online
☐	Journal of Public Transportation	University of South Florida * Center for Urban Transportation Research	1077-291X	United States	Active	Journal	Print
☐	Journal of Public Transportation	University of South Florida * Center for Urban Transportation Research		United States	Active	Journal	Online
☐	Archives of Transport	Polska Akademia Nauk * Komitet Transportu	0866-9546	Poland	Active	Journal	Print
☐	European Transport - Trasporti Europei	Universita degli Studi di Trieste * Istituto per lo Studio dei Trasporti nell'Integrazione Economica Europea (I S T I E E)	1825-3997	Italy	Active	Journal	Print
☐	The Open Transportation Journal	Bentham Open	1874-4478	Netherlands	Active	Journal	Online
☐	Journal of Transport Literature	Rede de Pesquisas em Transportes (R P T)	2238-1031	Brazil	Active	Journal	Online

20



H2020 - primer poziva

Call for Nanotechnologies, Advanced Materials and Production

H2020-NMP-PILOTS-2015Sub call of: [H2020-NMP-2014-2015](#)

Opening Date	22-10-2014	Deadline Date	26-03-2015 17:00:00 (Brussels local time)
Publication date	11-12-2013	Total Call Budget	€64,430,000
Programme Status	Horizon 2020 Open	Main Pillar	Industrial Leadership
		OJ reference	OJ C361 of 11 December 2013
Topic:	Integration of novel nano materials into existing production lines NMP-02-2015		

Spec
techn

Financial support to Third Parties – where a topic description foresees financial support to Third Parties, these provisions apply.

5. **Open access must be granted to all scientific publications resulting from Horizon 2020 actions, and proposals must refer to measures envisaged.** Where relevant, proposals should also provide information on how the participants will manage the research data generated and/or collected during the project, such as details on what types of data the project will generate, whether and how this data will be exploited or made accessible for verification and re-use, and how it will be curated and preserved.

Additional documents

You can **download** the same documents as **one zip file** from the [call page](#)

- Legal basis - Specific Programme H2020 [en](#)

H2020 - primer pilota

Open Research Data Pilot in Horizon 2020



If selected, all applicants have the possibility to participate in the [Pilot on Open Research Data in Horizon 2020](#)¹, which aims to improve and maximise access to and re-use of research data generated by actions. Participating in the Pilot does not necessarily mean opening up all research data. Actions participating in the Pilot will be invited to formulate a Data Management Plan in which they will determine and explain which of the research data they generate will be made open.

We wish to participate in the [Pilot on Open Research Data in Horizon 2020](#) on a voluntary basis ☐ Yes ☒ No

Participation in this Pilot does not constitute part of the evaluation process. Proposals will not be evaluated favourably because they are part of the Pilot and will not be penalised for not participating.

¹ According to article 43.2 of Regulation (EU) No 1290/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council, of 11 December 2013, laying down the rules for participation and dissemination in "Horizon 2020 - the Framework Programme for Research and Innovation (2014-2020)" and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1906/2006.

Data management activities

The use of a [Data Management Plan \(DMP\)](#) is required for projects participating in the [Open Research Data Pilot in Horizon 2020](#), in the form of a deliverable in the first 6 months of the project.

All other projects may deliver a DMP on a voluntary basis, if relevant for their research.

Are data management activities relevant for your proposed project? ☐ Yes ☒ No



Obzorje 2020: tipska pogodba o sofinanciranju

Multi-beneficiary General Model Grant Agreement, Version 1.0, December 11, 2013

ARTICLE 29 — DISSEMINATION OF RESULTS — OPEN ACCESS — VISIBILITY OF EU FUNDING59

29.1 General obligation to disseminate results59

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29.4 Information on EU funding — Obligation and right to use the EU emblem.....61

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29.6 Consequences of non-compliance62

Neupoštevanje – znižanje finančnih sredstev



29.2 Open access to scientific publications

Each beneficiary must ensure open access (free of charge, online access for any user) to all peer-reviewed scientific publications relating to its results.

In particular, it must:

Dva pogoja

- 1 (a) as soon as possible and at the latest on publication, deposit a machine-readable electronic copy of the published version or final peer-reviewed manuscript accepted for publication in a repository for scientific publications;

Moreover, the beneficiary must aim to deposit at the same time the research data needed to validate the results presented in the deposited scientific publications.

- 2 (b) ensure open access to the deposited publication — via the repository — at the latest:
 - (i) on publication, if an electronic version is available for free via the publisher, or
 - (ii) within six months of publication (twelve months for publications in the social sciences and humanities) in any other case.

EMBARGO

29.3 Open access to research data

Dva pogoja

[OPTION for actions participating in the open Research Data Pilot: Regarding the digital research data generated in the action ('data'), the beneficiaries must:

1

(a) deposit in a research data repository and take measures to make it possible for third parties to access, mine, exploit, reproduce and disseminate — free of charge for any user — the following:

- (i) the data, including associated metadata, needed to validate the results presented in scientific publications as soon as possible;*
- (ii) other data, including associated metadata, as specified and within the deadlines laid down in the 'data management plan' (see Annex 1);*

2

(b) provide information — via the repository — about tools and instruments at the disposal of the beneficiaries and necessary for validating the results (and — where possible — provide the tools and instruments themselves).

OpenAIRE kompatibilnost

Metapodatki morajo vsebovati naslednje informacije:

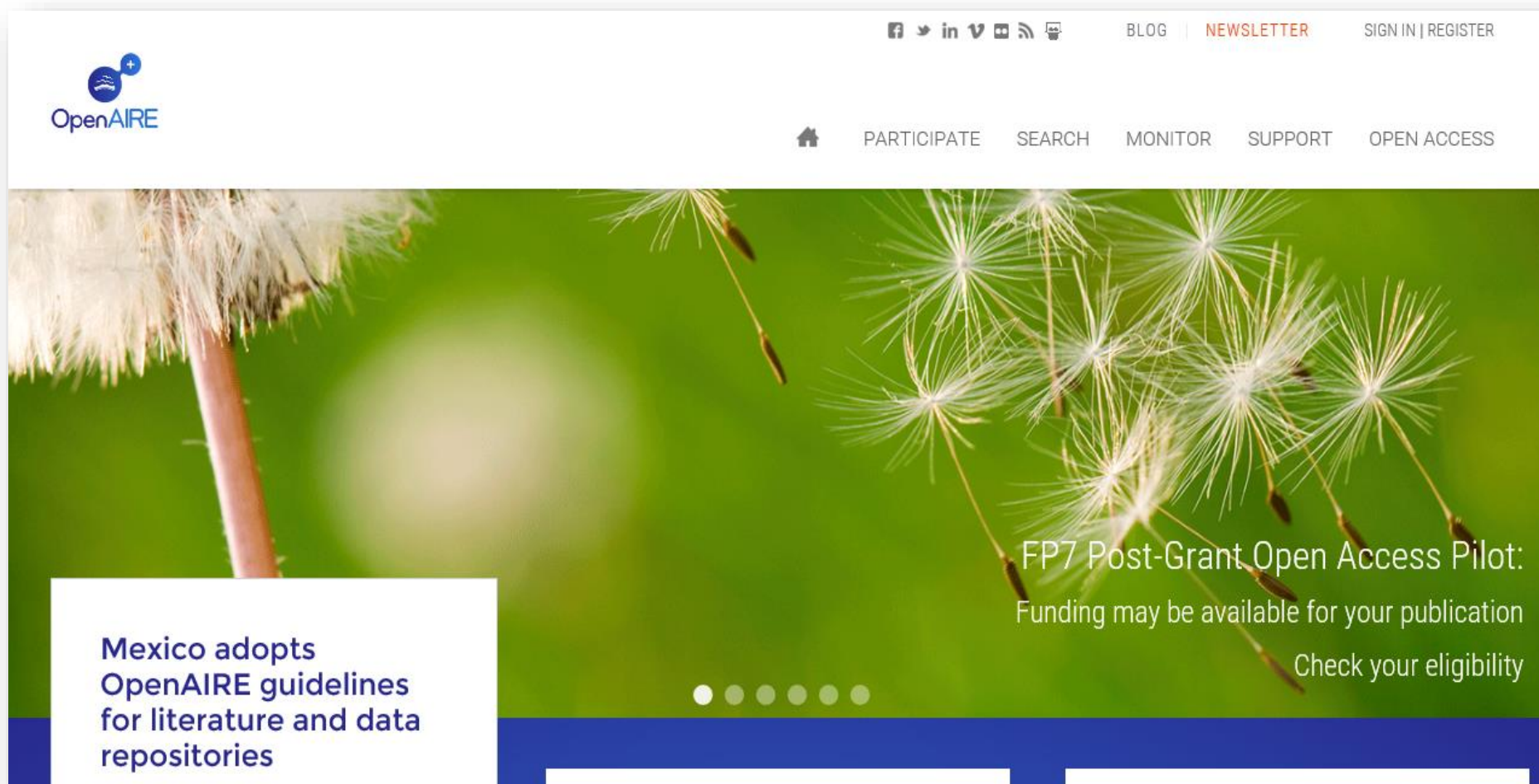
- ime raziskovalnega programa;
- ime projekta, akronim, številko projekta;
- datum objave publikacije, dolžino embarga in trajni identifikator

Beneficiaries must also ensure open access — via the repository — to the bibliographic metadata that identify the deposited publication. The bibliographic metadata must be in a standard format and must include the following:

- the terms [*"European Union (EU)" and "Horizon 2020"*][*"Euratom" and Euratom research and training programme 2014-2018"*];
- the name of the action, acronym and grant number;
- the publication date, and length of embargo period if applicable, and a persistent identifier.

Vir: http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/data/ref/h2020/grants_manual/hi/oa_pilot/h2020-hi-oa-pilot-guide_en.pdf

OpenAIRE







... opening access to research

Home • Search • Journals • Publishers • FAQ • Suggest • About

Search - Publisher copyright policies & self-archiving

English | [Español](#) | [Magyar](#) | [Nederlands](#) | [Português](#)

One journal found when searched for: **macromolecules**

Journal:	Macromolecules (ISSN: 0024-9297, EISSN: 1520-5835)
RoMEO:	This is a RoMEO white journal
Paid OA:	A paid open access option is available for this journal.
Author's Pre-print:	 subject to Restrictions below, author can archive pre-print (ie pre-refereeing)
Restrictions:	• Must obtain written permission from Editor • Must not violate ACS ethical Guidelines
Author's Post-print:	 subject to Restrictions below, author can archive post-print (ie final draft post-refereeing)
Restrictions:	• If mandated by funding agency or employer/ institution • If mandated to deposit before 12 months, must obtain waiver from Institution/Funding agency or use AuthorChoice • 12 months embargo
Publisher's Version/PDF:	 author cannot archive publisher's version/PDF
General Conditions:	• On author's personal website, pre-print servers, institutional website, institutional repositories or subject repositories • Non-Commercial • Must be accompanied by set statement (see policy) • Must link to publisher version • Publisher's version/PDF cannot be used • If mandated sooner than 12 months, must obtain waiver from Editors or use AuthorChoice
Mandated OA:	(Awaiting information)
Paid Open Access:	ACS AuthorChoice
Notes:	• Reviewed on 07/08/2014

ADP – arhiv raziskovalnih podatkov v Sloveniji









**Arhiv
družboslovnih
podatkov**

Podatki
Vsebinska področja
Serije
Katalogi

**Podpora
uporabnikom**
O podatkih
Usposabljanje
Izročanje podatkov
O arhiviranju

Povezave skupnosti
Evidentiraj raziskavo
Prispevaj podatke
Prispevaj gradiva
Blog
Projekti

ADP hrani zbirko podatkov, zanimivih za družboslovne analize, s poudarkom na problemih, povezanih s slovensko družbo. Prednost imajo vsebinsko pomembnejše in metodološko dobro izdelane raziskave, ob tem še posebej podatki skozi čas in mednarodni primerjalni podatki, pri katerih je upoštevana Slovenija.

Ciljni uporabniki so domači in tuji raziskovalci, učitelji in študentje, ki so [podatkovno in statistično pismeni](#) za samostojno ravnanje z gradivi. Sem sodi sposobnost samostojnega iskanja podatkov za določen problem, presoje uporabnosti podatkov na podlagi opisov, ki jih nudimo o nastanku raziskave, metodologiji zbiranja in podrobni vsebini posameznih spremenljivk, sposobnost samostojne analize in razlage rezultatov ter oblikovanja zaključkov.

Običajni nameni uporabe so pisanje seminarskih nalog in znanstvenih poročil za objavo ter uporaba podatkov kot dopolnilo pri predavanjih in praktičnih vajah s študenti - v posameznih primerih so na voljo [prilagojeni moduli za poučevanje](#). Ponujamo tudi, s podatki povezana gradiva, ki so uporabna pri zasnovi nove raziskave (npr. izvorni vprašalniki in zbirke indikatorjev) ali pri oblikovanju teoretičnih izhodišč za interpretacijo podatkov (npr. naslovi publikacij, narejenih z izhodiščem v posameznem podatkovnem viru).

Uporabnikom ponujamo možnost [iskanja](#) in [brskanja](#) po vsebinah opisov raziskav in spremenljivk. Ponujamo sprotno analitično [pregledovanje](#) po podatkih, vključno z izdelavo tabel, slik in rezultatov za poročilo. Zahtevni uporabniki si bodo podatke sneli na svoj računalnik za obdelave s svojim priljubljenim statističnim paketom. Diplomaska, magistrska dela in doktorske disertacije, ki kot vire uporabljajo raziskave ADP-ja, kandidirajo za [nagrado Klinarjevega sklada](#).







Iskanje





Tečaj za doktorske študente:
Ravnanje z raziskovalnimi podatki in odprti podatki





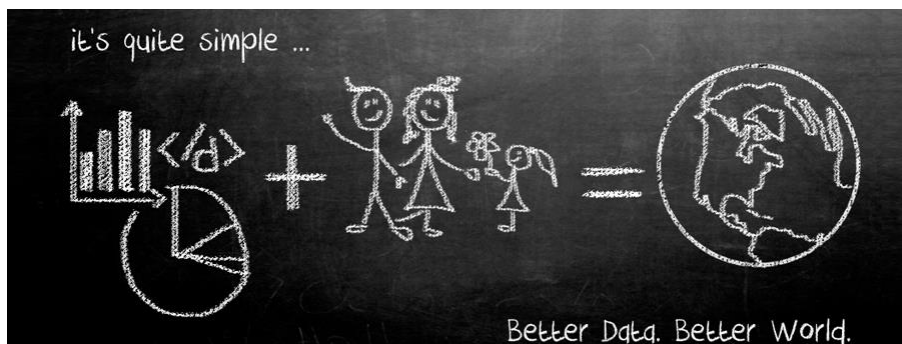
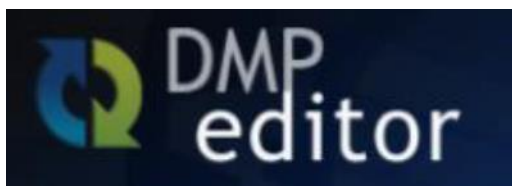
ADP hrani tudi to raziskavo...
BSE v Sloveniji, CATI



Poročilo projekta Odprti podatki!

Pogoste povezave

Pomoč raziskovalcem pri pripravi NRRP za prijavo projekta



- Odprto kodni program.
- V pomoč raziskovalcem pri pripravi NRRP za prijavo projekta.
- V pomoč pri pripravi in nadgrajevanju NRRP v procesu samega izvajanja raziskovanja.
- Načrt se lahko izvozi v DDI XML in objavi v PDF, HTML, RTF in drugo.
- Poročila se lahko uporabljajo za ravnanje podatki znotraj raziskovalne skupine (organizacije), kakor tudi za predajo v ADP in za potrebe poročanja financerju.
- Trenutne podlage - National Science Foundation (NSF), National Institutes for Health (NIH) iz ZDA in the Digital Curation Center iz VB.



The Science of Better Data

[HOME](#) [PRODUCTS](#) [SERVICES](#) [DEVELOPER](#) [BLOG](#) [ABOUT](#)

Data Management Plan (DMP) Editor



The OM Data Management Plan (DMP) Editor is an open source desktop application to assist researchers preparing data management plans as required by an increasing number of funding agencies for projects involving data collection. The software comes packaged with sample templates for the National Science Foundation (NSF) and National Institutes for Health (NIH) in the US, and the Digital Curation Center in the UK.

The OM DMP Editor has two primary functions: 1) to assist researchers in the preparation of basic Data Management Plans at the funding application stage, and 2) to help build and maintain a more detailed DMP during the project's lifetime.



DCC – Digital Curation Center
NIH – National Institute of Health
NSF – National Science Foundation

The screenshot displays the DMP Editor application window. On the left is a 'Local Catalog' pane with a tree view containing 'Data Management Plans' (with sub-items 'Test - kemija' and '*Test') and 'Data Management Definitions' (listing various DMP templates like DCC_Full, DCC_Simple, NIH General DMP, and NSF-AGS DMP through NSF-SBE DMP). The main workspace is titled 'DMP Editor' and shows a 'Create New Plan' dialog box. This dialog has a 'Select Definition' dropdown menu with a list of templates including DCC_Full [1.0.0], DCC_Simple [1.0.0], NIH General DMP [1.0.0], NSF-AGS DMP [1.0.0], NSF-AST DMP [1.0.0], NSF-BIO DMP [1.0.0], NSF-CHE DMP [1.0.0], NSF-CISE DMP [1.0.0], NSF-DMR DMP [1.0.0], NSF-EAR DMP [1.0.0], NSF-EFRI DMP [1.0.0], NSF-EHR DMP [1.0.0], NSF-ENG DMP [1.0.0], NSF General DMP [1.0.0], NSF-PHY DMP [1.0.0], and NSF-SBE DMP [1.0.0]. The background form shows fields for 'Plan Name' (containing 'Test - kemija'), 'Definition Name' (containing 'NSF-CHE'), 'Plan Documentation', 'Plan Description (0/3)', 'Solicitation Number', 'Comment', and 'Products of Research (0/5)' with three sub-questions: 'What Data will be generated in the research?', 'What data types will you be creating or capturing?', and 'How will you capture or create the data?'. On the right side of the editor is an 'Outline' pane listing sections like 'Access to Data, and Data Sharing Practices', 'Policies and Provision for Re-Use, Re-Distribution', 'Archiving of Data (0/10)', and 'Bean Information'.



DMP Editor

File Window Help

Local Catalog

- Data Management Plans
 - Test - kemija
 - Test
- Data Management Definitions
 - DCC_Full
 - DCC_Simple
 - NIH General DMP
 - NSF-AGS DMP
 - NSF-AST DMP
 - NSF-BIO DMP
 - NSF-CHE DMP
 - NSF-CISE DMP
 - NSF-DMR DMP
 - NSF-EAR DMP
 - NSF-EFRI DMP
 - NSF-EHR DMP
 - NSF-ENG DMP
 - NSF General DMP
 - NSF-PHY DMP
 - NSF-SBE DMP

Test - kemija

Comment

Products of Research (0/5)

What Data will be generated in the research?

What data types will you be creating or capturing?

How will you capture or create the data?

If you will be using existing data, state that fact and include where you got it.

What is the relationship between the data you are collecting and the existing data?

Data Format (0/7)

Which file formats will you use for your data, and why?

What transformations (to more shareable formats) will be necessary to prepare data for sharing?

What form will the metadata describing/documenting your data take?

How will you create or capture these details?

Which metadata standards will you use and why have you chosen them?

What contextual details (metadata) are needed to make the data you capture or collect meaningful?

What and who are the intended or foreseeable uses / users of the data?

Access to Data, and Data Sharing Practices and Policies (0/8)

Outline

- Which metadata standards will you use?
- What contextual details (metadata) are needed?
- What and who are the intended or foreseeable uses / users of the data?
- Access to Data, and Data Sharing Practices and Policies (0/8)
 - How and when will you make the data available?
 - What is the process for gaining access?
 - Do you plan on publishing findings with the data?
 - If so, do your prospective publisher require any embargo period?
 - Explain details of any embargo period.
 - How long will the original data collection be retained?
 - Are there ethical and privacy issues?
 - Who will hold the intellectual property?
- Policies and Provision for Re-Use, Re-Distribution
 - Will any permission restrictions need to be obtained?
 - What and who are the intended or foreseeable users?
 - How will the dataset be licensed if re-used?
- Archiving of Data (0/10)
 - What is the long-term strategy for data preservation?
 - Which archive/repository/database will you use?
 - What procedures does your intended archive/repository follow?
 - How long will/should data be kept by the archive?
 - Also consider these questions about data preservation:
 - What data will be preserved for the long term?
 - What transformations will be necessary?
 - What metadata/documentation will be needed?
 - What related information will be deposited?
 - For non-digital data consider this question: How will the data be digitized?

Bean Information

No identifiable object is advertised.

Windows taskbar: 9:55 23.3.2015



DMP Editor

File Window Help

Local Catalog

- Data Management Plans
 - Test - kemija
 - Test
- Data Management Definitions
 - DCC_Full
 - DCC_Simple
 - NIH General DMP
 - NSF-AGS DMP
 - NSF-AST DMP
 - NSF-BIO DMP
 - NSF-CHE DMP
 - NSF-CISE DMP
 - NSF-DMR DMP
 - NSF-EAR DMP
 - NSF-EFRI DMP
 - NSF-EHR DMP
 - NSF-ENG DMP
 - NSF General DMP
 - NSF-PHY DMP
 - NSF-SBE DMP

Test - kemija

Policies and Provision for Re-Use, Re-distribution, and Products of Derivatives (0/3)

Will any permission restrictions need to be placed on the data?

What and who are the intended or foreseeable uses / users of the data?

How will the dataset be licensed if rights exist?

Archiving of Data (0/10)

What is the long-term strategy for maintaining, curating and archiving the data?

Which archive/repository/database have you identified as a place to deposit data?

What procedures does your intended long-term data storage facility have in place for preservation and backup?

How long will/should data be kept beyond the life of the project?

Also consider these questions about the data and associated information that will be deposited:

What data will be preserved for the long-term?

What transformations will be necessary to prepare data for preservation?

What metadata/documentation will be submitted alongside the data or created on deposit/transformation in order to make the data reusable?

What related information will be deposited?

For non-digital data consider this question: Where will hardcopy notebooks, instrument outputs, and physical samples be stored (consider locations with safeguards against fire or water damage)?

Outline

- Which metadata standards will you use?
- What contextual details (metadata) will you provide?
- What and who are the intended or foreseeable uses of the data?
- Access to Data, and Data Sharing Practices
 - How and when will you make the data available?
 - What is the process for gaining access to the data?
 - Do you plan on publishing findings with the data?
 - If so, do your prospective publisher or journal require a data management plan?
 - Explain details of any embargo period.
 - How long will the original data collection be available?
 - Are there ethical and privacy issues?
 - Who will hold the intellectual property?
- Policies and Provision for Re-Use, Re-distribution, and Products of Derivatives
 - Will any permission restrictions need to be placed on the data?
 - What and who are the intended or foreseeable uses / users of the data?
 - How will the dataset be licensed if rights exist?
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 - What related information will be deposited?
 - For non-digital data consider this question: Where will hardcopy notebooks, instrument outputs, and physical samples be stored (consider locations with safeguards against fire or water damage)?

Bean Information

No identifiable object is advertised.

Primer povezovanja znanstvenih objav z raziskovalnimi podatki

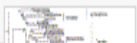
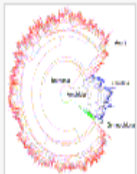
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Article outline ☐ Show full outline

- Abstract
- Keywords
- 1. Introduction
- 2. Materials and methods
- 3. Results
- 4. Discussion
- Acknowledgments
- Appendix A. Description of new subfa...
- Appendix B. Generic content of famili...
- Appendix C. Supplementary material
- References

Figures and tables



Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution
Volume 61, Issue 2, November 2011, Pages 543–583

A large-scale phylogeny of Amphibia including over 2800 species, and a revised classification of extant frogs, salamanders, and caecilians

R. Alexander Pyron^{a,*}, John J. Wiens^b

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ympev.2011.06.012> [Get rights and content](#)

Abstract

The extant amphibians are one of the most diverse radiations of terrestrial vertebrates (>6800 species). Despite much recent focus on their conservation, diversification, and systematics, no previous phylogeny

Recommended articles

- An expanded phylogeny of treefrogs (Hy...)**
2010, Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution [more](#)
- A multilocus timescale for the origin of...**
2010, Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution [more](#)
- Phylogeny and biogeography of rainbow...**
2013, Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution [more](#)

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Data for this Article

 **Dryad Digital Repository**
Scientific and medical research data

Odprti dostop v Sloveniji

Nacionalna strategija odprtega dostopa do znanstvenih objav in raziskovalnih podatkov v Sloveniji 2015 - 2020

Cilji:

- leta 2018 bo odprto dostopnih 80 odstotkov znanstvenih objav iz nacionalno financiranih raziskav, objavljenih leta 2017,
- leta 2021 bodo odprto dostopne vse znanstvene objave (100 odstotkov) iz nacionalno financiranih raziskav, objavljene leta 2020,
- izvedba pilotnega programa Odprti dostop do raziskovalnih podatkov v letih 2017-2020,
- analiza rezultatov pilotnega programa,
- na podlagi izkušenj Pilota odprtih raziskovalnih podatkov v Obzorju 2020 in pilotnega programa Odprti dostop do raziskovalnih podatkov oblikovanje politike in zagotovitev pogojev za njeno izvajanje v naslednjem obdobju (po letu 2020).

Načela odprtega dostopa do znanstvenih objav in raziskovalnih podatkov v nacionalni strategiji

- Odprti dostop do znanstvenih informacij je v interesu družbe;
- Odprti dostop do znanstvenih informacij je v interesu gospodarstva;
- Odprti dostop do znanstvenih informacij je del odprte znanosti;
- Znanstvene informacije so nacionalna znanstvena dediščina;
- Upravljanje avtorskih pravic na znanstvenih informacijah **s prostimi licencami omogoča najširšo nadaljnjo uporabo rezultatov raziskav;**
- **Vrednotenje znanosti naj spodbuja odprti dostop do znanstvenih informacij;**
- Za zagotovitev trajnosti nacionalne infrastrukture za odprti dostop do znanstvenih informacij je potrebno ustrezno financiranje;
- Slovenska infrastruktura odprtega dostopa je del mednarodnih infrastruktur odprtega dostopa v znanosti;

Določila glede odprtega dostopa do recenziranih publikacij v Sloveniji:

- V okviru **nacionalno financiranih raziskav** mora vsak upravičenec skladno z veljavnimi pravili, sprejetimi na podlagi izvedbenih dokumentov, **zagotoviti odprti dostop do vseh recenziranih znanstvenih člankov**, ki se nanašajo na raziskovalne rezultate.
- Upravičenci morajo zagotoviti, da **je na svetovnem spletu v repozitoriju mogoče prebrati, prenesti in izpisati celotne vsebine vseh recenziranih objav**, ki se nanašajo na rezultate raziskave.
- Upravičenci naj si po svojih najboljših močeh prizadevajo **za upravljanje avtorskih pravic na objavah s prostimi licencami** (na primer Creative Commons CC BY), s čimer bo omogočena večja nadaljnja uporaba recenziranih publikacij (poleg branja, shranitve in izpisa tudi razmnoževanje, uporaba, razširjanje, prenos ter javni prikaz dela, izdelava in razširjanje izpeljanih del v katerem koli digitalnem mediju za kateri koli odgovoren namen).
- Določilo glede odprtega dostopa do recenziranih publikacij v Sloveniji je sestavljeno iz dveh korakov, **prvi je shranitev publikacije v repozitorij in drugi zagotovitev odprtega dostopa do celotne vsebine publikacije preko repozitorija**.
- Upravičenci si morajo prizadevati, da **vzporedno s publikacijo shranijo tudi raziskovalne podatke**, ki so potrebni za potrditev rezultatov v shranjenih znanstvenih publikacijah.

Nacionalna strategija ... / založniki

- **Revije izdajateljev s sedežem v Sloveniji**, ki vsebujejo recenzirane članke in je njihovo izdajanje sofinancirano z nacionalnimi javnimi sredstvi, morajo biti odprto dostopne (t.i. zlati odprti dostop).
- **Izdajatelji znanstvenih monografij s sedežem v Sloveniji**, ki so prejemniki nacionalnih javnih sredstev, naj si prizadevajo za izdajanje monografij v poslovnih modelih, ki bodo omogočali odprti dostop do celotnih besedil znanstvenih monografij ob objavi in upravljanje avtorskih pravic s prostimi licencami.

Openaccess.si



OPENACCESS
SLOVENIA

Če sem videl dlje, sem zaradi tega, ker sem stal na ramenih velikanov.

Sir Isaac Newton

[Prva](#)
[O projektu](#)
[Kontakt](#)
[FAQ](#)
[Open Access in Slovenija](#)


ODPRTE OBJAVE

- Razlogi za odprti dostop
- Definicije in deklaracije
- Načini objavljanja
- Iskanje odprtih objav
- Povezave

ODPRTI PODATKI

- Izhodišča
- Deklaracije, iniciative, strategije
- Viri in orodja za delo s podatki
- Podatkovni centri
- Povezave

RAZISKOVALCI

- Zakaj me mora odprti dostop zanimati?
- Postopek recenziranja
- Avtorske pravice in licence
- Kako lahko odprto objavim svoje delo?
- Odmevnost in citiranost
- Oddaj objavo!
- Zasebni sektor

POLITIKE IN STRATEGIJE

- Mednarodna raven
- Nacionalna raven
- Organizacijska raven

ZALOŽNIKI

- Znanstveni založniki
- Poslovni modeli
- Praktični napotki

SLEDITE

Prva

Odprtodostopni rezultati raziskav so digitalne, spletne, brezplačne vsebine brez večine avtorskopравnih omejitev. Raziskovalcem odprti dostop omogoča večjo dostopnost in odmevnost raziskav, ustanovam pa možnost zbiranja in predstavitve njihovega dela.

[VEČ >](#)

DOMAČE NOVICE

- 14.1.2015: Odprti dostop za raziskovalce (raziskovalni vodič UL FDV)
- 13.1.2015: Praktična izvedba odprtega dostopa v programu Obzorje 2020
- 23.12.2014: Priprava raziskovalnih podatkov za odprti dostop
- 15.12.2014: Vzpostavitev repozitorijev slovenskih univerz in nacionalnega portala odprte znanosti
- 05.12.2014: Prekletstvo dejavnika vpliva

[VEČ >](#)

MEDNARODNE NOVICE

- 25.3.2015: Spremembe, ki jih na svetovni ravni povzroča odprti dostop
- 24.3.2015: O pomenu negativnih rezultatov raziskave
- 23.3.2015: Zlati odprti dostop brez plačila stroškov objave
- 20.3.2015: Pregled analiz na temo večje citiranosti zaradi odprtega dostopa
- 19.3.2015: Recenzija po objavi članka

[VEČ >](#)



SLOVENSKO

ENGLISH

A+

A-

Nacionalni portal odprte znanosti

DOSTOP DO ZNANJA SLOVENSKE RAZISKOVALNE ORGANIZACIJE

Domov

Napredno iskanje

Brskanje

Statistika

Kontakt

Mobilno

O projektu

ODPRTI DOSTOP DO VSEBINE

Digitalna knjižnica Univerze v Mariboru
Repozitorij Univerze v Ljubljani
Repozitorij Univerze na Primorskem
Repozitorij Univerze v Novi Gorici
Arhiv družboslovnih podatkov
VideoLectures.NET
Digitalna knjižnica Slovenije
Spletni arhiv NUK
Digitalna knjižnica Ministrstva za obrambo

DOSTOP DO PLAČLJIVIH VSEBIN

Digitalna knjižnica Univerze v Ljubljani
Metaiskalnik IZUM
Mrežnik NUK

O ODPRTEM DOSTOPU

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OpenAIRE
SHERPA/ReMeO

RAZISKOVALNA DEJAVNOST V SLOVENIJI

MIZŠ
ARRS
SICRIS

Vne

Digitalna knjižnica Univerze v Mariboru

Repozitorij Univerze v Ljubljani

Repozitorij Univerze na Primorskem

Repozitorij Univerze v Novi Gorici

Išči

115.963 dokumentov v celotnem besedilu

Zadnja shranjena dela:

Digitalna knjižnica Univerze v Mariboru:

POSPŠEŠEVANJE PRODAJE V MALOPRODAJI MARKET PROGRAMA MERCATOR D.D.
MARKETINŠKI NAČRT MIKRO PODJETJA
APLIKACIJA IN ADAPTACIJA MERILNE LESTVICE SERV-PERVAL NA STORITVE V ZAVAROVALNIŠTVU
MODELI RASTLIN V CINEMA 4D
UPODABLJANJE VREDNOSTI GEOMETRIJSKIH ATRIBUTOV V VOKSELSKEM PROSTORU
DEJANSKO URESNIČEVANJE BISTVENE VSEBINE PRAVIC DRŽAVLJANOV EU

Repozitorij Univerze v Ljubljani:

THERMEC 2011
SYNTHESIS OF AG/ZNO COMPOSITE PHOTOCATALYST VIA HYDROTHERMAL ROUTE
POLETNA AKTIVNOST ACETILHOLINESTERAZE, GLUTATION-S-TRANSFERAZE IN KATALAZE V KLAPOVICAH (MYTILUS GALLOPROVINCIALIS) IZ SLOVENSKEGA MORJA
SPELEOLOGICAL AND SPELEOGENETIC ASPECTS OF THE MONTI DI CAPO SAN VITO KARST AREA (NORTH-WESTERN SICILY)
DATA NETWORKS, IP, AND THE INTERNET
ALPINE STRATEGY FOR ADAPTATION TO CLIMATE CHANGE IN THE FIELD OF NATURAL HAZARDS

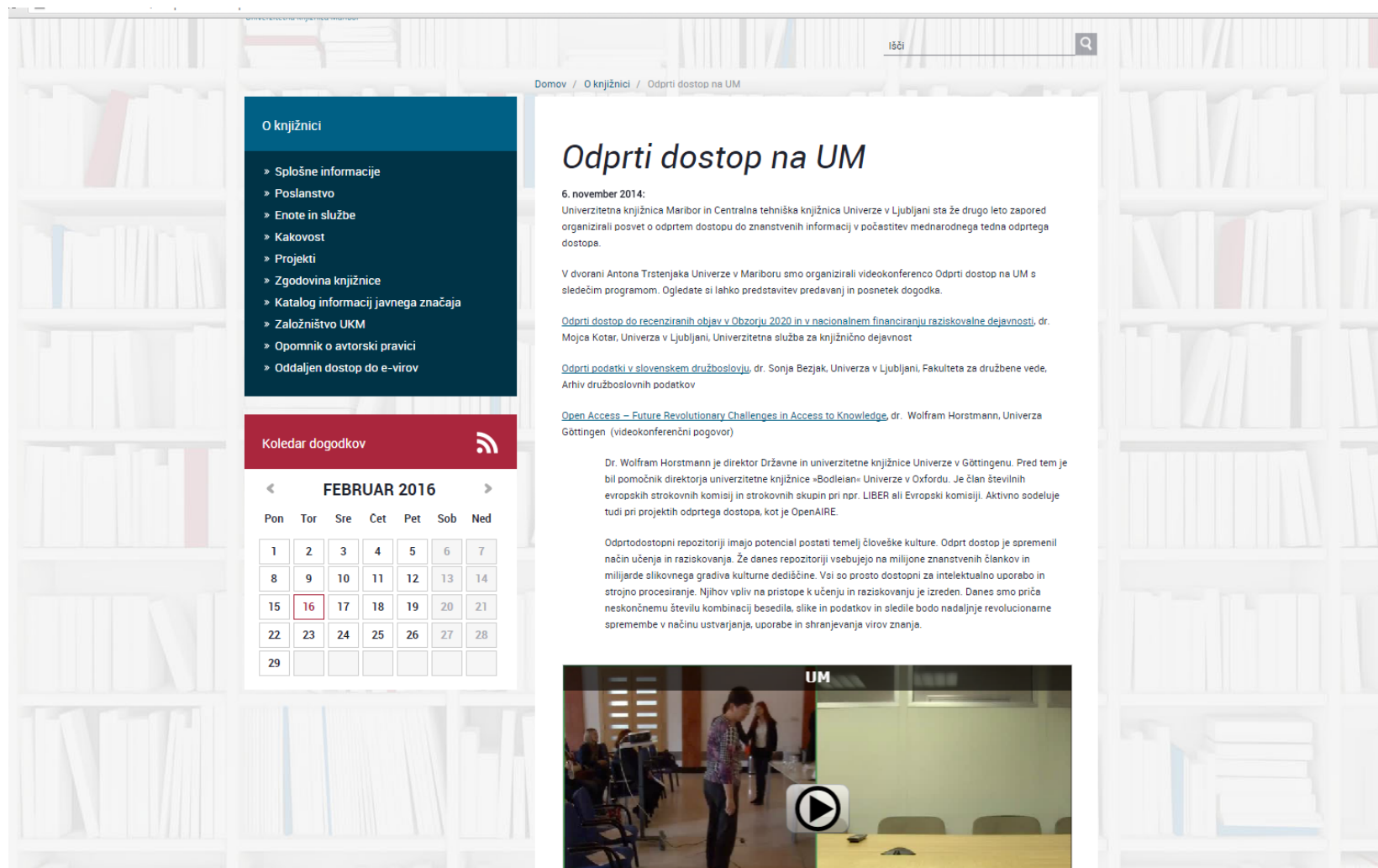
VRSTE DEL

KLJUČNE BESEDE

Izvirni znanstveni članek (43169)
Diplomsko delo (42782)
Video in druga učna gradiva (15421)
Magistrsko delo (5694)
Doktorska disertacija (1582)
Končno poročilo o rezultatih raziskav (1318)
Ni določena (784)
Objavljeni znanstveni prispevek na konferenci (698)
Specialistično delo (594)
Recenzija, prikaz knjige, kritika (550)
Zaključena znanstvena zbirka podatkov ali korpus (349)
Strokovni članek (337)
Objavljeni povzetek znanstvenega prispevka na konferenci (261)
Pregledni znanstveni članek (251)
Zbornik recenziranih znanstvenih prispevkov na mednarodni ali tuji konferenci (223)
Drugi članki ali sestavki (215)
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Prikaži vse

43

Informacijska točka za odprt dostop UM



Domov / O knjižnici / Odprti dostop na UM

O knjižnici

- » Splošne informacije
- » Poslanstvo
- » Enote in službe
- » Kakovost
- » Projekti
- » Zgodovina knjižnice
- » Katalog informacij javnega značaja
- » Založništvo UKM
- » Opomnik o avtorski pravici
- » Oddaljen dostop do e-virov

Koledar dogodkov

FEBRUAR 2016

Pon	Tor	Sre	Cet	Pet	Sob	Ned
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29						

Odprti dostop na UM

6. november 2014:

Univerzitetna knjižnica Maribor in Centralna tehniška knjižnica Univerze v Ljubljani sta že drugo leto zapored organizirali posvet o odprtem dostopu do znanstvenih informacij v počastitev mednarodnega tedna odprtega dostopa.

V dvorani Antona Trstenjaka Univerze v Mariboru smo organizirali videokonferenco Odprti dostop na UM s sledečim programom. Ogledate si lahko predstavitev predavanj in posnetek dogodka.

[Odprti dostop do recenziranih objav v Obzorju 2020 in v nacionalnem financiranju raziskovalne dejavnosti](#), dr. Mojca Kotar, Univerza v Ljubljani, Univerzitetna služba za knjižnično dejavnost

[Odprti podatki v slovenskem družboslovju](#), dr. Sonja Bezjak, Univerza v Ljubljani, Fakulteta za družbene vede, Arhiv družboslovnih podatkov

[Open Access – Future Revolutionary Challenges in Access to Knowledge](#), dr. Wolfram Horstmann, Univerza Göttingen (videokonferenčni pogovor)

Dr. Wolfram Horstmann je direktor Državne in univerzitetne knjižnice Univerze v Göttingenu. Pred tem je bil pomočnik direktorja univerzitetne knjižnice »Bodleian« Univerze v Oxfordu. Je član številnih evropskih strokovnih komisij in strokovnih skupin pri npr. LIBER ali Evropski komisiji. Aktivno sodeluje tudi pri projektih odprtega dostopa, kot je OpenAIRE.

Odprtodostopni repozitoriji imajo potencial postati temelj človeške kulture. Odprt dostop je spremenil način učenja in raziskovanja. Že danes repozitoriji vsebujejo na milijone znanstvenih člankov in milijarde slikovnega gradiva kulturne dediščine. Vsi so prosto dostopni za intelektualno uporabo in strojno procesiranje. Njihov vpliv na pristope k učenju in raziskovanju je izreden. Danes smo priča neskončnemu številu kombinacij besedila, slike in podatkov in sledile bodo nadaljnje revolucionarne spremembe v načinu ustvarjanja, uporabe in shranjevanja virov znanja.



Informacijska točka za odprt dostop UM

- *Usposabljanje knjižničarjev in raziskovalcev;*
- *Organizacija izobraževanj;*
- *Informacijsko svetovanje in podpora pri objavljanju;*
- *Sodelovanje pri pripravi politik na različnih nivojih;*
- ...

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Določila glede odprtega dostopa do recenziranih publikacij v Sloveniji:

- V okviru **nacionalno financiranih raziskav** mora vsak upravičenec skladno z veljavnimi pravili, sprejetimi na podlagi izvedbenih dokumentov, **zagotoviti odprti dostop do vseh recenziranih znanstvenih člankov**, ki se nanašajo na raziskovalne rezultate.
- Upravičenci morajo zagotoviti, da **je na svetovnem spletu v repozitoriju mogoče prebrati, prenesti in izpisati celotne vsebine vseh recenziranih objav**, ki se nanašajo na rezultate raziskave.
- Upravičenci naj si po svojih najboljših močeh prizadevajo **za upravljanje avtorskih pravic na objavah s prostimi licencami** (na primer Creative Commons CC BY), s čimer bo omogočena večja nadaljnja uporaba recenziranih publikacij (poleg branja, shranitve in izpisa tudi razmnoževanje, uporaba, razširjanje, prenos ter javni prikaz dela, izdelava in razširjanje izpeljanih del v katerem koli digitalnem mediju za kateri koli odgovoren namen).
- Določilo glede odprtega dostopa do recenziranih publikacij v Sloveniji je sestavljeno iz dveh korakov, **prvi je shranitev publikacije v repozitorij in drugi zagotovitev odprtega dostopa do celotne vsebine publikacije preko repozitorija**.
- Upravičenci si morajo prizadevati, da **vzporedno s publikacijo shranijo tudi raziskovalne podatke**, ki so potrebni za potrditev rezultatov v shranjenih znanstvenih publikacijah.



Nacionalna strategija ... / založniki

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